# **HPTN 035**

Salim S Abdool Karim On behalf of the HPTN 035 Protocol Team MTN Annual Meeting 21 April 2008

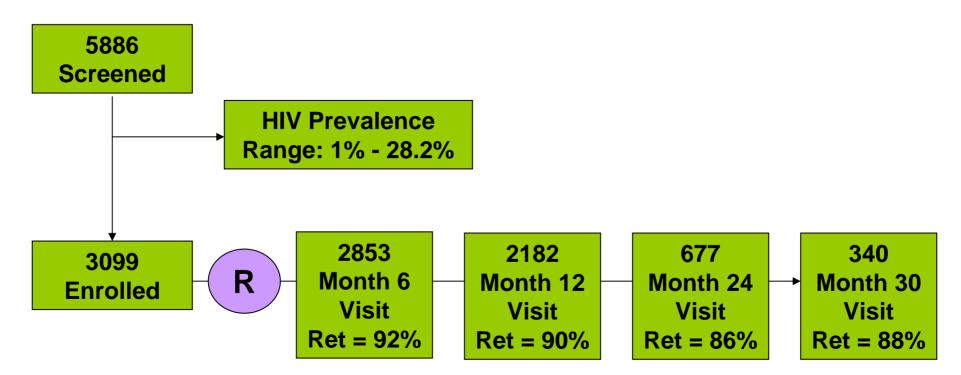
## **Primary Objectives**

To evaluate the safety of BufferGel and 0.5% PRO 2000/5 Gel (P) when applied intravaginally by women at risk for sexually-transmitted HIV infection

To estimate the effectiveness of BufferGel and 0.5% PRO 2000/5 Gel (P) in preventing HIV infection



### **Accrual and Follow-up**



20 participants have not returned for any follow-up visits 32 participants terminated from the study prematurely Most common reasons for early termination are: participant refusal (n=15), relocation (n=8), & death (n=6)

#### **Baseline Characteristics**

	Mean Age	% Some Sec Ed	% Married	% One Partner
Blantyre	25.9	30	95	100
Durban	25.2	93	18	96
Harare-Chitungwiza	26.3	93	96	100
Hlabisa	25.3	78	9	99
Lilongwe	27.3	16	99	100
Lusaka	23.0	44	81	97
Philadelphia	26.3	99	14	73

Mean # vaginal sex acts in past week = 2.9

#### Adherence to Gel Use

#### Vaginal Sex Acts in the Last Week Excluding Visits on Product Hold

	With	Without	Total
	Gel	Gel	Total
With Condom	12,767	1,945	14,712
Without Condom	4,909	1,099	6,008
Total	17,676	3,044	20,720

29% of sex acts did not include condoms 82% of condomless sex acts included gel



## Some HPTN 035 Numbers ...

- 419,660: number of gel applicators dispensed
- 319,023: number of CRF pages received by SCHARP
- 17,917: number of adverse events reported



## **Pregnancies and Outcomes**

- 480 pregnancies to date
- Outcomes to date:
  - 187 (54%) full term live births
  - 19 (5%) premature live births
  - 40 (12%) therapeutic/elective abortion
  - 88 (25%) spontaneous abortions
  - 12 (4%) fetal deaths/still births
  - 1 (<1%) ectopic pregnancy
  - 144 pregnancies currently ongoing



#### **Effectiveness and p Values**

#### Smallest level of effectiveness with one-sided p < 0.025 = 33%</p>

#### Smallest level of effectiveness with one-sided p < 0.0025 = 44%</p>



### **Estimated Timeline...**

- Initiate close-out visits
- □ Complete close-out visits :
- Complete data cleaning
- Deadline for data-lock

- 1 June 2008
- mid-Sept 2008
- : ~ November 2008
- : 1 December 2008
- Primary results meeting : ~ December 2008
- □ Release primary results to team : ~Dec 2008
- Release primary results to public : early 2009

#### Acknowledgements

Sponsors: US National Institutes of Health (R Black, L Soto-Torres, S Estep), Indevus Pharmaceuticals (A Profy), ReProtect (T Moench)

Protocol Chair: Salim S Abdool Karim

Blantyre, Malawi: T Taha, N Kumwenda, B Makanani, S Hurst, C Nkhoma, E Kachale

Durban and Hlabisa, South Africa: G Ramjee, R Govinden, N Coumi, N Dladla-Qwabe, S Ganesh, S Naicker

Harare-Chitungwiza, Zimbabwe: ZM Chirenje, N Padian, A van der Straten, T Magure, M Mlingo, N Mgodi

Lilongwe, Malawi: I Hoffman, F Martinson, T Tembo, L Chinula, T Mvalo

Lusaka, Zambia: G Parham, M Kapina, C Reid, M Kasaro

Philadelphia, USA: L Maslankowski, J Prince, S Whittington, E Yu

Coordinating Center: A Coletti, K Gomez, R White

Statistical Center: M Cianciola, C Kelly, C Leburg, B Mâsse, B Richardson, K Román

Network Laboratory: S Hillier, E Piwowar-Manning, L Rabe

HPTN 035 is supported through the Microbicide Trials Network, which is funded by the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (U01Al068633), with co-funding from the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development and the National Institute of Mental Health, all components of the US National Institutes of Health. The US Agency for International Development (USAID) provided funding for manufacturing of BufferGel for this study.